KNOW YOUR RIGHTS!



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> AT HOME

You do not have to open the door.

- ICE can only lawfully enter your home (1) with your permission or (2) with a valid search warrant.
 - WITH PERMISSION: By opening the door, you may give ICE permission to enter your home. Inform all members of your home –
 including children that they should not open the door for ICE officers.
 - o **WITH A SEARCH WARRANT**: ICE can only enter your home with a valid *search* warrant signed and issued by a *judge*. ICE <u>cannot</u> enter your home with a search warrant signed by an immigration officer. ICE <u>cannot</u> enter your home with an arrest warrant.

You have the right to remain silent*

> AT WORK AND IN PUBLIC

Ask if you are free to leave.

If the answer is yes, walk away slowly and silently. Do not run. Do not speak.

If the answer is no, stay where you are and remain silent. If you are not free to leave, then you have been detained. You have the right to speak to a lawyer. You do not have to answer questions before speaking with a lawyer.

You have the right to refuse a search.

State clearly that you do not consent. If the officer proceeds to search you, remain calm, do not resist and keep your hands in plain sight.

You have the right to refuse to form a line.

If you are forced to move, do not resist.

You have the right to remain silent*

IN YOUR VEHICLE

Stop the vehicle as quickly and safely as possible. Turn off the ignition and keep your hands in plain sight.

There must be a reason to stop you in your vehicle.

- **POLICE** must have reasonable suspicion of a crime or violation.
- ICE must have reasonable suspicion of an immigration violation.
- Ask whether the officer is the police or immigration.
- Ask if you are free to leave.
- Ask why you were stopped.

If you are the driver, provide your driver's license, registration, and proof of insurance if asked.

If you are a passenger, you may not have to provide identification, even if asked.

If you are not a US citizen and you are in lawful immigration status, you must provide proof of status to an immigration officer. You are not required to provide proof of status to a police officer.

• If you are not in lawful immigration status, do not provide foreign identification to an immigration officer.

You do not have to consent to a search of your vehicle.

• An officer may only search your vehicle (1) with your consent, (2) with a valid search warrant, or (3) if they believe that your vehicle contains evidence of a crime.

You have the right to remain silent*

AT THE AIRPORT AND PORTS OF ENTRY

Immigration may question whether you have lawful status and/or whether you are admissible to the United States.

- US CITIZENS must only establish identity and citizenship.
- LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENTS must only establish identity and residency
 - o You may be detained and/or deferred for removal proceedings if you are inadmissible to the United States.
 - o Do not sign any documents without first speaking to an attorney.
- NONCITIZEN VISA HOLDERS may be denied entry for failure to answer questions.
- NONCITIZENS WITHOUT RESIDENCY OR A VISA may be denied entry for failure to answer questions.

You have the right to request asylum in the United States.

Immigration may search you and your belongings, including electronic devices.

Immigration may take you to secondary inspection.

- In secondary inspection, you are not entitled to a legal representative.
- You have the right to remain silent.

Immigration may take your fingerprints.

***Your Right to Remain Silent Means:**

Do not tell ICE your country of nationality. Do not carry or present false documents to ICE Do not sign any documents. Do not answer any questions.

Ask to speak to your attorney before signing any documents or answering any questions.